The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 16, 1871. 45th YEAR—Vol. XLV.—Whole—15,5043.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.

DUFOUR & LIMET, PUBLISHERS. No. 73 Chartres street.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

Terms of Subscription—Daily, per annum, in advance, $6; half yearly, $3; quarterly, $1. Price of the paper—Single copies, 10 cents. The semi-Weekly is published every Tuesday and Saturday. Subscription, $5 per annum, invariably in advance.

Rates of Advertising—Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion, $1 50 per square; each subsequent insertion, 75 cents per square.

First or Editorial Page, transient advertisements, each insertion, $1 50 per square.

Advertisements inserted at intervals to be charged every time each insertion.

First or Editorial Page, monthly advertisements, each square, $20 net per month.

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Advertisements not marked for any number of insertions will be published six times.

Bills with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.

Weekly Edition.

TERMS—PER YEAR.....$5.

NEW ORLEANS:

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 16, 1871.

Amusements This Evening.

[illegible] HOUSE—The Barber of Seville" [illegible] THEATRE—"Rip Van Winkle" [illegible] Marion Elmore and "Solon Shingle."

[illegible] CHARLES THEATRE—The Sleeping Beauty" [illegible] Lizzie Lack Sheppard" and "Fra Diavolo."

[illegible] ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Lawson, Amy Robsart" and "Alice Grant."

The Attitude of the Mayor on the Texas Railroad Question.

We have called upon Mayor Flanders to ascertain the grounds on which he hesitates to assent to the ratification of the late grants made by the State Legislature to the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company. The Mayor states that he is opposed absolutely to the City Council's continuing these grants, but so far nothing in the shape of an official application and upon which they would be authorized finally to act, has been presented to the city government. The Mayor does not know officially that Mr. Morgan has bound himself in legal form to invest a million and a half of dollars in the stock of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company nor whether Mr. Morgan is to be interested in the stock of the whole line from Mobile to Texas, or only in the branch line from Vermillionville to Shreveport. He thinks that the city should have some guarantee of a precise character that a confirmation of these levee grants by her would secure the completion of the line from Donaldsonville to Houston. He urges that if the city was right in uniting with Mr. Morgan to resist the occupation of the levee by the N. O. M and Texas Railroad Company, and an institute that was subsequently that company, which has just been decided by the Eighth District court adverse to the claims of the city, seeming has yet occurred to his knowledge to cause the city to abandon her pretensions. Mr. Flanders states further that a committee of the Council having been appointed to investigate the matter and report, and the legal adviser of the Council having been requested to furnish them with an opinion on certain questions of law concerning the batture, and the liabilities of the city to its former owners, these reports should be received and considered before final action shall be taken. The public opinion seems to be unanimous in favor of our accepting Mr. Morgan's offer, and as delay may cause him to cancel the agreement into which we have not the smallest doubt he has entered with the railroad company, as already announced, we think the Council should proceed at once, under the advice of the city attorney, to ratify these grants, attaching to their resolution a condition protective the city against a possible failure to construct the entire road to Texas, and begin the construction westwards from Donaldsonville within a given period. If Mr. Morgan is in good faith, as we are very sure he is, he will not object to a condition which would not have been very prejudicial had been proposed upon the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company.

Mr. Whitcomb's Syrup.

We are always on the watch for [illegible] and those disappointed [illegible] to us in regard to his family and friends has caused us in Mobile. Letters have been received from him lately, dated at that place, but they do not, we believe, explain the reasons in taking so sudden a departure from home without informing any one of his intention to leave. It is stated that he soon left way to the Island of Cuba.

We acknowledge the courtesy of Mr. Louis J. Leche, Secretary of the Irving Literary Society of Pass Christian College, in forwarding to us an invitation to attend the literary and musical entertainment to be given at the City Hall, on Wednesday, December 20th.

Postmaster-General Randall is [illegible] As we [illegible] seem to us advisable not in this connection to avoid a panorama representing the battle of Gettysburg, and the Prussians, Paris under the Commune and Paris under the will be exhibited at No. 125 Charles street, between St. Louis and Toulouse streets, every evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.

Pittsburg and English Canal Coal. Messrs. W. Coyle & Co. invite the attention of the public to their stock of coal, which consists of English cannel, anthracite and Pittsburg, and which they deliver in all parts of the city. A superior article of English cannel, in large lumps, direct from the ship. The prices of Messrs. Coyle & Co. are quite reasonable.

The Morgan Line of Steamers to Morgan's—By a notice elsewhere in this issue, Messrs. Whitney & Co., the agents of the Morgan line of steamers, announce that the latter have been withdrawn from the Mobile trade and that they Messrs. Whitney & Co.) have been placed in charge of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad. Freight for Mobile and interior points will be received at the depot of the railroad.

Fair for Benefit of Louisiana Retreat.—A fair will be opened on Monday evening next, December 18, for the benefit of the insane charity patients in the Louisiana Retreat, and as one of the indicements for the friends of the candidates to contribute to the relief of the unfortunate beneficiaries, the Rev. Father Hubert, Jr. Chaplain of the Confederate [illegible] has been placed in nomination by his friends as one of the two favorite [illegible] to be [illegible] the one having the highest [illegible] donated by the Fair to him who shall receive the highest number of votes. The former comrades of Father Hubert in the army of Northern Virginia are expected to poll a large vote for him.

Tetter.—The [illegible] of Mrs. Whitcomb's Syrup for [illegible] as positive as the sunlight. Soothing, delicate, and gentle and soothing as an infant's whisper.

THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

Interview with M. Remusat, the New Prefect of Police His View of the Chances for an Imperial Restoration.

From a Special Correspondent.

Paris, November 27. I have just had a long interview with M. Remusat, the new Prefect of Paris, and my object in seeking an audience was to ascertain from him what is supposed in this country to be the real views of the Republican party in regard to the future. The Republicans are conquering, but all the elements of their future success [illegible] which [illegible] in sand to have their [illegible] covered and made secure entirely without foundation. These rumors are started by disappointed political leaders, who have left the Republican ranks, and taken up by the Parisian public. The good faith of the people in their Republican rulers can be taken as the exact measure of their desire for an [illegible] restoration. M. Remusat's opinion is that the Republicans are letting the International pay the restoration bills for them, and waiting with their eighteen months of peace and prosperity, order and [illegible] of plenty and security, for a favorable opportunity to bribe the chiefs of the army and the loyal [illegible] That this opportunity will present itself early in the beginning of next year he seems convinced.

The Red conspiracy which he exists is the exaggeration to all possible means of revolutionary excesses. Riots in Paris will probably break out as soon as the formation of a Republican *coup d'etat* can be taken as a pretext, the military will be called on to maintain order, and during the struggle Napoleon will throw his sword into the scale of order. The army, which will decide the point on which a Bonapartist success must turn, will be thus placed between siding with a weak republic and uniting with the chief to whom they have sworn allegiance. M. Remusat therefore considers that there is most danger to be feared from the radical party, who is working desperately to undermine the present government. The Internationale is gaining ground every day. The secret police has twice as much work to do as it had under Pietri. M. Remusat is said to have Orleanist sympathies. What his sympathies are it is not possible for me to say. He is a young man of apparently the highest personal intelligence, and M. Thiers ought to find mine of him. General Valentin was removed on account of the preponderance he gave to military authority in all matters of civil jurisdiction. C. M.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(To the New Orleans Bee.)

Summary of the Latest Dispatches.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

London, Dec. 16, 1:30 A. M.—Official dispatch from Sandringham says: Wales has had some quiet sleep to-night.

Sandringham, Dec. 15—5:30 P. M.—Wales has been tranquil all the afternoon. The course of the fever continues favorable. The Queen returns to Windsor to-morrow.

FROM HAVANA.

Havana, Dec. 15.—Gen. Puello, of the Spanish army, and formerly of St. Domingo, died yesterday.

Several students of the Havana University go to Spain to pursue their studies in that country.

The stock of old cigars are rapidly diminishing. Sugar quiet. Exchange on the U. S. in currency 2@2¼ premium. On London 22¼@23. Paris 6¼@7.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Dec. 15.—Mr. Ela, new Fifth Auditor, assumed the functions of the office to-day.

There was a full Cabinet meeting to-day. The Republican Senators caucused this morning, and agreed to order a thorough examination in all the departments and branches of the service. The committee consists of Messrs. Buckingham, Howe, Pratt, Harlan, Stewart, Poole and Bayard.

House.—Boston and New York merchants petition for a reduction of tariff on rice.

The bill appropriating $14,000,000 for the site and public buildings in Chicago, passed. House adjourned to Monday.

Washington, Dec. 15.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has nominated to the President Benj. F. Bell, Collector Second Georgia District, vice F. Dener, Collector Fourth Georgia District.

Washington, Dec. 15.—Ex-Senator Williams, who becomes Attorney General on the 10th of January, was congratulated by his friends to-night. He made a brief speech, in which he said: "The slightest and energies I possess shall be devoted to the enforcement of the laws and the suppression of violence, disorder and crime. I promise all whom it may concern that while I am placed at the head of the department of justice, so far as the jurisdiction of that department may go, its mandates will be dispensed without fear or favor and with all usual rigor, and respect for all classes and conditions of men. I deeply regret that in some sections of the country a spirit of lawlessness seems to prevail. I will favor every consideration of kindness to induce obedience to the laws, but if other means will answer, then I am for using the whole power of the country to crush out every conspiracy against the peace of society and safety of unoffending citizens.

The new Attorney General is amazed that any considerable number at this time should engage in violence and disorder for there is nothing to gain and much to lose. If hatred and revenge are allowed to overcome these considerations it becomes the plain duty of the Government to interfere with a strong arm to suppress the passions. He alludes to being the first Cabinet officer from west of the Rocky Mountains and promises not to forget where his home is.

WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, Dec. 15.—The low barometer with rain which was in the Eastern Gulf Thursday afternoon has moved northeast of Hatteras is now probably off Cape Hatteras. Rain has prevailed in the South Atlantic States and snow on the middle Atlantic coast, with light northwest winds. The area of high barometer which covered the Ohio Valley has moved slowly northeastward with falling pressure, but still can be traced from New York to Louisiana. An area of low pressure has advanced southeastward from Minnesota and is now central in Minnesota. Its advance is preceded by brisk southerly winds on Lake Michigan and southwest winds from the Southwestern. The barometer has fallen in California and Oregon.

PROBABILITIES.

Cloudiness will probably clear away for a short time on the south and middle Atlantic coast, followed on Saturday again by cloudiness and southwest and cloudy weather. The storm centre in Minnesota moves east and southeastward, with brisk southwest winds on the lakes, fresh to high southerly winds on the middle and eastern States by Saturday night southerly winds, with rising temperature and cloudy weather will probably extend over the gulf States. Cautionary signals continue at Chicago, Grand Haven and Milwaukee and ordered for Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Philadelphia, Dec. 15. John Ware was hanged at Camden to-day for the murder of his father.

New York, Dec. 15.—The Jersey City postoffice was robbed of $7000 in money and $800 in postage stamps last night.

Eight children were taken from Brook lyn Orphan Asylum to the small-pox hospital to-day.

The small-pox is decreasing here.

Boston, Dec. 15.—Charles Mullen, firm of Mullen, Wood & Co., sentenced in Police Court to six months imprisonment and $100,000 fine, for defrauding the Government, has been pardoned and the fine remitted.

Annapolis, Md., Dec. 15.—A son of Gen. Ketchum testified that Mrs. Winston's conversation to different parties at different times regarding many transactions agree, though not in accord with Ketchum's statements to his son.

San Francisco, Dec. 15.—The body of a drowned man was washed ashore with a life-preserver marked "Corsica, of Thomaston," at Salmon Bay.

The ship Corsica sailed for Australia 28th November.

Richmond, Dec. 15.—Snowing heavily, several hours and continues. The snow is 10 to 10 inches deep.

Suelling, who was shot yesterday by Monterio, it is believed will recover. Monterio has been bailed in $5000.

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 15.—Both branches of the Alabama Legislature have resolved to extend the session beyond 30 days.

A bill has passed both Houses authorizing the Governor to issue $1,000,000 Alabama 8 per cent. bonds, to be used as necessity may require.

Anniston, Ala., Dec. 15.—The Mississippi Central Railroad was protested here today on bonds due 1st of August. The protest is based upon the Southern Railroad Association, but both failed to provide the funds necessary to avoid protest.

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 15.—In the Kuklux trial to day, the defence was engaged in proving by many witnesses the terror existing among the whites in the up country at the time of the alleged outrages. The testimony showed that Bill Williams, the negro captain of militia, had threatened to slay the whites from the cradle, and to apply the torch. William Easton, colored, testified that he was a Lieutenant in Williams' company, and was retreat to the ranks on his refusal to carry out Williams' violent measures.

The defense asked further time to bring witnesses to show that kuklux was organized for self protection and ceased to exist of itself. After hearing rebutting evidence from the prosecution the court adjourned. Argument will begin to-morrow.

The Grand Jury found true bills to-day against several more of the alleged conspirators of York county.

Memphis, Dec. 15.—While detectives Pinkerton and Connell were bringing the express robbers Farrington and Barton from there to Columbus this morning on the steamer Illinois, Farrington snatched Pinkerton's pistol from his hand and fired at him, the ball grazing his temple.

A desperate struggle ensued, during which Farrington fell overboard, passing under the wheel and never rose, as he was heavily ironed.

Burton was brought to Union City and lodged in jail to await the arrival of officers.

Levi Farrington, brother of the other, was captured at Farmington, Illinois, to-day, after a desperate fight. He will be brought to Tennessee for trial.

This was the capture of the entire party who perpetrated the daring robbery of the express car on the Memphis and Ohio Railroad, two months since.

The names of the captured robber drowned from the steamer *Illinois* was Hilliard Farrington, alias Clark, Farrington and Pinkerton go out on the guard, as he had something to tell him. No sooner had they reached the guard than Farrington, though heavily ironed, snatched Pinkerton's revolver from his belt, cocked it, and presented it at Pinkerton, saying, "I have you now." Pinkerton rallied his comrade, Connell, who sprang to his side, knocked up the pistol, and it was discharged, the ball grazing Pinkerton's temple. A desperate struggle ensued, during which Clark fell overboard.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Liverpool, Dec. 15.—Evening.—Manchester, 29d unchanged, which causes dullness. Yarns 40s 6d.

Liverpool, Dec. 15.—Arrived — Cotton Ships Revere, Clark; Indian—Chief, Enoch Talbot and Ella R. Thayer.

London, Dec. 15.—Turpentine 29s 6d.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 15—Evening—Cotton closed weak; sales 2113 bales; middling uplands 19½c. Orleans 20½c. Flour—Southern dull and declining; common to fair extra $6 80@7 85; good to choice $7 90@9 25. Whisky 93½c. Wheat very dull; winter red and Western $1 67@1 68. Corn, a shade firmer; supply 77½@78½c. Rice 8½@9c. Pork $13 50@13 75. Lard dull. Naval Stores unchanged. Tallow heavy; 9c@9½c. Freights dull.

New York, Dec. 15.—Sales of 1881 11¾; 5-20s of 1862 110¾; 64s 110¾; 65s 111¾; new issues 112¾; 67s 115¾; 68s 115¾; 10-40s 110¾. Tennessee, 60; new, 64¾; Virginias, 61; new, 67; Louisiana 6s, 61; new, 50; Levee 6s, 64; 8s, 75; Alabama 5s, 100; 8s, 95; Georgia 6s 78; 7s, 80; North Carolinas, 34; new, 12; South Carolinas, 50; new, 39½.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

Total receipts from September 1st, last year	1,345,047
Same time last year	1,197,081
Total exports from September 1st last year	794,119
Same time this year	972,352
Stock at all United States ports last year	473,686
This year	400,466
Stock at interior towns las year	104,584
This year	787,312
Stock at Liverpool last year	349,000
This year	498,000
Cotton afloat for Great Britain last year	151,000
This year	147,000

Galveston, Dec. 15.—Cotton quiet; good ordinary 17½c; net receipts 1487; exports to Great Britain 1030; coastwise 1369; sales 900; stock 34,835 bales.

Columbus, Dec. 15.—Cotton steady and firm; receipts 360; shipments 3545; sales 2027; stock 5450 bales.

Memphis, Dec. 15.—Cotton dull; middlings 19¼c; receipts 1740; shipments 1730; stock in 1870, 3939; in 1871, 1770; receipts of the week 15,138; shipments 16,116; sales 15,800 bales.

Selma, Dec. 15.—Stock in 1870, 10,690 bales; 1871, 6105. Receipts of the week 3510 bales. Exports 3985.

Providence, Dec. 15.—Cotton dull and nominal. Stock 9000 bales. Receipts 2205.

Nashville, Dec. 15.—Cotton dull and nominal—middlings 18½c. Receipts 3769 bales. Shipments 3561. Stock in 1870, 4610 bales; 1871, 1585.

Wilmington, Dec. 15.—Cotton firm—middlings 18c. Net receipts 267 bales. Sales 194. Stock 2550. Net receipts of the week 1701 bales. Exports coastwise 2725. Sales 749.

Norfolk, Dec. 15.—Cotton quiet—low middlings 18¼@18½c. Net receipts 1857 bales. Exports coastwise 485. Sales 100. Stock 6830. Net receipts of the week 10,227. Exports coastwise 9281. Sales 800 bales.

Augusta, Dec. 15.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 18½c. Receipts 2818; bales 800; stock in 1870, 7014; 1871, 15,755. Net receipts of the week 7108; sales 5550 bales.

Philadelphia, Dec. 15.—Cotton quiet; middlings 20¼c. Net receipts of the week 577; gross 2270 bales.

City Point, Dec. 15.—Week's receipts 191.

Baltimore, Dec. 15.—Cotton steady and in fair demand; middlings 19¾c. Net receipts 140; gross 165; exports coastwise 302; sales 550; spinning 100; consumption 295; exports to Great Britain 31; to the Continent 305; coastwise 1944; sales 2894.

Montgomery, Dec. 15.—Receipts 3899; shipments 3970; stock in 1870, 11,800; 1871, 11,330.

Macon, Ga., Dec. 15.—Cotton dull; middling 18½c; sales 310; shipments 264; stock in 1870 14,170; 11,601 bales.

(Previous Dispatches.)

London, Dec. 15, 5 A. M.—The Prince of Wales is decidedly better. He takes food, and his weight is 208 lbs. Reports of continued progress towards recovery are entertained.

Crowds gathered at the news centres cheer the favorable bulletins heartily.

The Government has sent troops to London quarters to suppress outdoor demonstrations.

Sandringham, Dec. 15, 5 A. M.—The Prince of Wales has had a quiet night. There are symptoms of debility, but his condition may be considered more favorable.

Later, 12, A.—The Prince continues tranquil, and is slowly but gradually improving.

Liverpool, Dec. 15, Noon.—Cotton market firm. Sales to day estimated at 15,000 bales. Middling Orleans 10d; uplands 10¾; afloat. Sales for the week 132,000 bales, of which 19,000 bales were for export, and 10,000 bales on speculation. Total stock 456,000 bales, of which 60,000 bales are American. Total stock afloat 340,000 bales, of which 147,000 bales are American. Receipts of the week 117,000 bales, of which 83,000 bales are American. Actual export 15,000 bales.

Liverpool, Dec. 15, Afternoon.—Cotton market quiet; estimated sales 15,000 bales, 5000 for export and speculation; Orleans (old) 10¾d; (new) 10¾; on ship named at New Orleans 9d.

New York, Dec. 15.—A private letter from Havana says it is believed there that the assassin of the late lamented leader of the Spanish Monster at Washington caused the arrest of the medical students for the purpose of extorting money from their parents, and especially found himself unable to control the Spanish mob.

New York, Dec. 15.—The committee of the Clearing House report that the National Bank of the Commonwealth is insolvent.

At a meeting of the International last night an address was adopted, which says: The cause of the working classes who always fought for the liberties of the down trodden was the cause of international.

The resolutions declare sympathy with the Cubans, and denounce the attitude of the Federal Administration upon the Cuban question.

A meeting of doctors was held yesterday to take steps to have, if known, fictitious accidents against quackery and abortion.

The Sheriff has seized the New York Printing and Publishing Establishment of the New York Manufacturing Stationers, ofhio for $100,000 of protested notes in the Ocean Bank.

Paris, Dec. 15.—Noon.—Specie in the Bank of France has increased 3,000,000 francs.

Republicans and Democratic Speculations in New York.

Special Dispatch to the Republican

A BILLY STORY.

Washington, Dec. 9.—The New York *Herald* says that the purchase of Belknap's letter will be that he had advanced some pieces to his account in the Broadway Bank to Ingersoll, Garvey, and others, to carry on their business, and that he was reimbursed through Woodward.

A curious story is told illustrating the legal position of a great judge. He asked a magistrate on a circuit dinner whether he would take some venison. The gentleman replied, "Thank you, my lord, I am going to take broiled chicken." "Good," was returned, "but, sir, in no answer to my question. I ask you again if you will take venison, and I will thank you to answer yes or no, without further prevarication."

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The State Auditor, by command of the Eighth District Court, is issuing warrants to the Board of State Assessors for this parish for the year 1871, amounting to $102,000, and now they ask an order from the same court to compel the State Treasurer to cash the warrants for this sum. The case is a "gutta game." There will not be money enough in the Treasury to pay both city and country assessors, and the urbans want to have their pay before the rustics come to knock at Mr. Dubuclet's door.

The one-story frame house at the corner of St. Louis and Dauphine streets, which was owned by Madam Genois, and tenanted by Mr. J. Brim, as a coffeehouse and restaurant, was destroyed by fire at about 3 o'clock yesterday morning. Mr. Brim was insured for $2000. The building was also insured, but for what amount has not transpired.

An encounter took place yesterday morning on the steamship Louisiana, at the head of St. Peter street, between Joseph Rooster, a fireman discharged from the ship, and George Keavney, the Quartermaster of the vessel. Rooster received a stab of a knife in the left shoulder, which is considered dangerous. Rooster got off before he could be arrested.

Mr. Robert Rines, living on Robertson street, between Bienville and Conti streets, who left his wife well in the morning, on going home last evening found her lying dead in bed, she having met a natural but a sudden death during the few hours he was away.

Jacob Tomasat, a fruit dealer, who lives at the corner of St. Ann and Burgundy streets, while standing before his house, last night was attacked by a negro named Wat Johnson, with an iron bar, with which he inflicted three wounds, one behind the left ear, the second across the nose and the third over the left temple. The physician attending him considers the injuries serious. Johnson escaped. The cause of the affair is not known.

Wm. McCue, a laborer, and Thomas Gallagher, mate of the steamboat 10th Era, at the head of Custombhouse street, got into a difficulty yesterday afternoon, in which McCue was cut with a knife, in the left wrist and stabbed in the left side. Gallagher was arrested, and the wounded man was sent to the Charity Hospital.

John Waitz, a boy eleven years of age, whose mother lives at 695 Thompkins street, fell into the river, at the head of St. Mary street, yesterday afternoon, and was drowned.

Thomas Sullivan, at the corner of Felicity road and St. Charles street, owned by Mrs. Ben Harris and occupied by Mr. Neal Graham, was damaged to the amount of about one hundred dollars, by fire, last night. The police say incendiarism is suspected.

Shop Lifting.—A case of shop lifting occurred yesterday in the jewellery store of Tyler, on Canal street, yesterday. About mid-day a man and woman, respectably dressed, entered the establishment together, and while the man engaged the attention of the clerk her companion slipped five valuable guard chains up his sleeve and went in the act of leaving when another clerk, who had been observing him, caught him, and turned him over to Mr. Boylan, who took charge of the goods. The man and the woman to the police station, where they gave their names as Mr. and Mrs. Hall, and represented themselves to be man and wife.

The Imprest Upon the Death of the Late Peter Hamlin.—Coroner Creagh yesterday commenced taking evidence in relation to the death of Peter McGloin, whose body was found in the New Basin, near the Magnolia street bridge, on Thursday, with the skull fractured, either by striking against a wharf or by falling, or from a blow with some blunt instrument. The inquest was continued at half-past two o'clock, p. m., to-day. So far nothing has been elicited to base any thing upon more than surmise, unless what seems to have been a reckless exhibition of temper manifested by a brother of the deceased to have been made by that brother's wife, he taken as testimony determining the case.

Hugh McGloin, the brother of the deceased referred to, and his Hughes' wife are all negroes, quite between them in the matter of a separation of property are pending in the courts, and they live and have lived apart from one another a long time. The litigation between the deceased had a suit, undecided, in the Eighth District Court, against his and Mrs. Ann McGloin, the latter petitioning for a separation from bed and board, and for the custody of their children, with his mother, he saw him in the Eighth District Court. The witness, who now deceased, alive last is Bernard Duffy. He was with him on public house, at the corner of Magnolia and Lafayette streets, on the afternoon of the day on which he was found dead in the New Basin. Witness, one John Farmer, who has not yet been examined, and deceased took a drink or two. Farmer, however, subsequently said he had some remorse of conscience and called for pen, ink and paper, and signed a document, which Farmer and witness attested as witnesses of the first nature. The document was read by Farmer, but witness did not recollect the purport of it. He knew, however, from other sources, that the document was a relinquishment of the claim of $600 against Mrs. Ann McGloin and brother, and he had not loaned her a cent and she had never asked him for money. He was owed a debt by the deceased's mother, who was also then. Nothing in the nature of a quarrel or dispute occurred at the meeting.

The testimony of Hugh McGloin, husband of Mrs. Ann McGloin and brother of the deceased, closes the evidence taken. He says that on Wednesday, the 6th inst., the deceased Duffy came to his house and told him that he had been robbed of $600 by his brother, and threatened to kill him. Duffy, however, returned. As he did not come home at night witness went to look for him next day, and kept up the search until the body was found. He could not say on one or both sides were alike intent, than the witness himself had. The day after he had disappeared witness went to the New Basin to look for him, while there Mr. Beemiss, Mrs. McGloin's tax-gatherer, came in and showed to Beemiss a document—supposed to be the same referred to by Duffy—purporting to have been signed by deceased, as principal, and Duffy and Farmer as witnesses. A few days after witness saw Farmer at the office of the Superintendent of Police and asked him about deceased, witness having heard that Farmer was the last person seen with the deceased. Farmer replied that Duffy was in his company on the 6th, the day witness himself last saw him. Duffy answered: "Do not be uneasy, he will turn up all right after the law suit is over." One day last week, while witness was looking for information in regard to deceased, he met his wife, Mrs. Ann McGloin, on Poydras street, and as she passed she said, shaking her hand: "I'll kill you." Witness adds that he said nothing but passed on. This is before the corpse of deceased was found, or his death was known.

Fifth District Court—Judge Cooley on Concurrent Jurisdiction.—In the Sixth District Court, in the case of Jackson vs. Bell, Receiver of the Fourth District, in which case the right of the defendant to the office of Recorder is denied, a question as to the right of the Sixth District Court to entertain the suit came up yesterday. Mr. Cooney, counsel for plaintiff, informed the court that defendant's attorney had filed a rule in the Eighth District Court to enjoin further proceedings before this tribunal, on the ground that questions involved belonged to public office and could only be entertained by the Eighth District Court. Mr. Cooney asked the advice of Judge Cooley, observing that he did not wish to put himself in contempt of the other court. Judge Cooley answered: "If there is your place I would go on with this case, and let Judge of the Eighth District Court pats you into jail for contempt. I will put you out. To my mind, it seems reprehensible conduct on the part of the lawyer who has taken out the writ to create a conflict of jurisdiction between the several District Courts, and I will certainly not recognize the writ. I am a Judge of the Eighth District Court to interfere with matters which may come before me."

Organization of the Iron Barge Company. Agreeably to the resolution authorizing subscribers to the iron barge project to organize a joint stock company whenever $250,000 of the stock should be taken, citizens have been elected, as follows, the resolution providing, however, that no assessment shall be made until $500,000 shall have been subscribed: John Phelps, President; J. L. Hlaby, Vice-President; J. W. Labouisse, Secretary. Directors: Charles E. Seybarth, E. H. Isaacson, John Chaffe, T. Tupper, J. Bowling, W. S. Schmidt, J. M. Schwartz, S. H. Boyd, Charles J. Leeds, George L. Kouns, John T. Gosnell, E. F. Stockmeyer, Lloyd E. Colen.

First District Court.—Friday, Dec. 15th.—James Dunnevan, alias Bow-legged Dunnevan, convicted of stealing sixteen overcoats, &c., from Balch, from the clothing store of Messrs. H. B. Stevens & Co., at the corner of St. Charles and Poydras streets, sentenced to four months imprisonment in the parish jail. The Judge was lenient in consequence of appeals for the clemency by the mother and sister of the prisoner, who are respectable persons, and who led the court to hope that their influence may reform the morals of the young man.

Mr. J. M. West, Editor and publisher of the *Patriot*, was arraigned upon the indictment found against him, and having published a libel of Judge Dibble, of the Eighth District Court, in an article relating to the Bell-Beckwith contempt—supposed to be assessed by the counsel, Judge M. J. Dibble, and pleaded guilty.

The case of Thomas Ryan, alias Thomas Hill, colored, was continued indefinitely.

Henry Rives, for the larceny of a trunk valued at $20, was sentenced to the Parish Prison for three months.

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 15, 1871.

We have no change to report in the condition of the Money market. Applications at bank for accommodations show no diminution, and on the street there is a fair demand for paper, quotations being 12@12 per cent. 9 annum for A1 notes secured by unquestionable collaterals, and 2@3 per cent. more for A2 and 3 names. At and first-class business paper without collaterals. Mortgage notes are still quoted at 1@— for A1 and 1@2½ for second grade.

Gold opened at 109¾@109¾ against 109¾@109¾ yesterday. Sterling 60 days 109¾@109¾ against 109¾). The rates included $3000 at 109¾; $7000 at 109 11-16; $10,000, $20,000 and $28,000 at 109¾; $4000, $5000, $8000, $25,000 and $16,000 at 109¾.

Nothing transpired in Silver. We quote 100 Mexican dollars half-dollars and 18@18½ per cent. premium in gold for Mexican dollars.

Domestic Exchange was dull, and rates were easier toward the close. The banks supplied the remittance demand for New York freely at par, and the brokers, and the sales included $95,000 commercial and $50,000 bank sight on New York at ¼ discount. $26,000 bank and $60,000 private bills at 5-16. $40,000 commercial at 5-16@¼, and $40000, $60,000 and $30,000 at ¼@5-16. We heard of no sales of commercial at ¼ discount, particulars not expressed.

Operations in Foreign Exchange were of moderately fair extent, but rates for bankers' bills were easier, the market giving away ¼ @ cent by the close. The sales of sterling embraced £52 000, of which £1000 cheap and £5000 at 60 days at 9½, £15,000 clear at 11⅝, £2000 clear at 11⅝, £2000 and £5000 at bill of lading and clear at 11⅝@11⅝, $4000 at 11⅝@11⅝, $5000 at 11⅝@11⅝, $15,000 at 11⅝@11⅝. No sales of France came within our notice. We quote sterling at 11⅞@11⅝, New York in sight of bill of lading and clear and —@¼ for bank.

Some of the banks drew gold checks on New York in small sums for remittance at ¼ per cent. discount.

In Stocks 36 shares Mutual National Bank sold at $61.50, and 500 Louisiana Levee Bonds at 52.50 and 100 at 53, and 50 shares Mechanics' and Traders' Bank at 95.

$1000 City ten per cent. Bonds sold at 84.

The sales of City Appropriation Certificates reported for the evening and $1000 to day at 80, $2000 in small amounts purchased by a dealer at the same, and $1700 at 80¼.

The sole sales of $1000 State Warrants at 66¾, $1000 at 57½, and $2000 (larger at 56¾.

CITY TREASURY NOTES are quoted nominal at 25@35¾ ₱ cent discount.

CLAIMS.—There were no sales at the Board of Brokers this evening. The seller rigs and bids were as follows:

	Asked.	Bid.
Gold	109½	109¾
Union National Bank	95	90
Union National Bank	100	90
Mechanic Bank		
Illinois Bank	110	90
Merchants' Ex. N. B. A.		90
Peoples Bank	100	90
Louisiana Railroad	70	60
N. O. City Railroad Company	175	
Orleans Railroad Co.	90	85
Orleans Railroad Co.	90	85
Barrett's Gas Light Co.	67	60
Barrett's Gas Light Co.	67	60
Crescent City Slaughter House	100	90
Crescent City Slaughter House	100	90
Louisiana Sulphur Mining Co. (old stock)		
Louisiana Sulphur Mining Co.		
Carondelet Sulphur Mining Co.		
Carondelet Sulphur Mining Co. (full paid)		
Louisiana Levee Co.	75	70
Louisiana Levee Co.	75	70
Louisiana Levee Bonds	75	70
Louisiana Levee Bonds	75	70
Louisiana Levee Bonds (new)	75	70
Louisiana Levee Bonds	75	70
Louisiana Levee Bonds	75	70
Louisiana Levee Bonds