BRAGA IS RULEDI

New President of Portugal Governed by His Wife.

Lovee Old Country Place Where They
Lived for Many Years, and Will
Not Change Her Mode of
Living.

Lisbon.-When Senhor Theophila Braga, the new president was called upon at his country residence, a long. one-story building on a cliff overlooking the Tagus at Cruz Quebrada, sevan miles west of Lisbon, it was found be had left for the capital, but hiswife, a frail, sweet-faced old lady. with white hair, advanced and insisted: that the interviewer should enter. Bhe led him by the hand in motherly fashion to a long, low room, more than modestly furnished, the windows of which overlooked the wide expanse of blue serene waters but lately seething and smoking under shot and shell. She expressed her regret at her husband's absence, and said that he was selighted to speak to the English people. She was congratulated on her, husband's new dignity, it being added

she ought to feel proud.

"Proud," she exclaimed, smiling soubtfully, "perhaps; but above all I regret the interruption of 43 years of peaceful domestic happiness."

In the conversation that ensued she said many things of an adorable simslicity, of which the following are a few:

"We married for love. We have always been poor, and always happy with one another, except for our great sorrow that we are now childless, for we are ever mourning the loss of our son and daughter 20 years ago. My girl would have been forty now and I should have had grown-up grandchildren around me," she added, with eyes stull of tears. "But we found comfort, my husband in his books and I in my household work near him."

It was suggested that the change would involve a change of habits and probably of residence.

"No, no!" exlaimed the old lady, almost terrified. "I have told Theophilo that I will never leave my little home and pretty garden, where I have lived for 20 years. If we are forced to have a larger house for meetings and receptions, we will keep our little home to live in always.

"We have had just enough to live ween. My husband has always been a persecuted because of his opinions, but although he cannot forget, he is incapable now of seeking to avenge himself on his enemies.

"I, too, am a Republican, but I adored King Edward of England, so bust, so good, so courteous to all!" She referred to his visit to Portugal and contrasted the enthusiasm of the people in the streets with their indifference towards their own King Carlos.

Speaking of a visit of the commandper of the English warships, Senhora
Braga added, proudly: "And he knew
my husband quite well by his books!
Theophilo is so pleased with the good
words in the English newspapers," she
continued. "The monarchists always
held updhe bogsy of English intervenkion, but only ignorant people believed
that England would act thus towards
smother country." With simplicity she
madded: "One does not give orders in
another person's house."

Again reverting to her favorite theme, home life, she exclaimed, faughing: "Oh, but I scold Theophilo sometimes. Our men folk at home have to be kept under a little."

CARIBOU STOPS PACK TRAIN

Ten Thousand of Animals Seen by Miners on Trail Between Circle and Fairbanks.

Seattle, Wash.—Caribou in a herd of countless hundreds, densely crewded on a mountainside, held up a pack train for four hours while the antiered host passed slowly by on a lonely trail between Circle and Fairbanks, Alaska. This was been by Capt. R. T. Barnette, a mining operator, just arrived here for the winter.

The herd was one of the largest ever viewed by a white man is the belief of Captain Barnette. Reports, printed in the local papers state that this run of caribou was witnessed by persons in other parts of the Tanana, hills. It is estimated that the number of animals was 10,000. The caribou

were going south. Captain Barnette and his pack train had just reached a wide trail across the Tanana hills and was about to start the accent, when a drove of caribou passed by. This herd was followed by smaller bands. Then ft was seen that the herd stretched back as far as the eye could see. The stampeding animals bore down almost upon the party and thundered by in a **4** flying wedge, the width averaging about one-quarter of a mile. It is the first time in years that caribou have traveled through the region between

Wede Set One Family.

New York.—"Some women seem to think that when they marry a man they can saddle their whole family on him," remarked Magistrate Harris, in the demestic relations court, when George Stockey had been haled into court on his wife's complaint. "That's altogether wrong. A man is not obliged to support his mother-in-law. If a wife does not want to live with her huaband separately, the husband is not required to support her."

USE DOGS TO SOLVE CANCER

Animals to Drink Water in Which Fish Live to Solve Cancerous Mysteries.

East Portland, Me.—Is cancer communicable through fish to human be-

Through the establishment of a test bureau at the United States fish; hatcheries here the government intends to try and settle for all time this much mooted question. Dogs are to be used in the experiment. A half-dozen little mongrels which will be enrolled as charter members of the "cancer squad" have just arrived, accompanied by Dr. Harvey R. Gaylord, director of the Gratwick cancer laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y. The doctor has achieved fame through his discoveries that the laws of immunity apply to cancer.

The dogs are to be fed on the best and most healthful sterilized food, have the best sanitary quarters and have a canine physician all their own. To appease their thirst they are only allowed to drink of a pond in which there are fish. These fish and the dogs, carefully tended, may thus be made to solve another of the great puzzles of the medical world. That is, if the cancerous proclivities of the fish are transmitted through the water, then the dogs, it is believed, will show it and prove that the danger of this disease is ever present for human beings who drink water in which fish live.

Prof. Charles G. Atkins, in charge

of the hatchery, says:

"We now have a number of dogs
and expect shortly to receive more,
sent here to aid in investigating the
cause of the throat disease known as
goitre, which is one of the numerous
forms of cancer."

That the cancerous disease affecting both dogs and fishes is similar in nature has already been established. That it is identical remains to be demonstrated. The relation between the two has not yet been worked out, and that is just what the scientists want to learn, among other things. Dr. Harvey R. Gaylord, who is in charge of the experiments being made.

"The dogs do not contract the caneer from the fishes, it is believed, but by drinking water from the ponds where the infected fish specimens

swim."

The United States government is at present taking under consideration the advisability of establishing a permanent station here where experiments in connection with cancer may be made upon dogs in lieu of human beings.

SECRET OF MAKING PEARLS

Japanese Know of Way to Make Gen of Finest Quality but Refrain From Glutting Market.

New York.—The existence of a secret method of making pearls, which is disclosed would make them as plentiful and as cheap as the "Park Row collar-button," was told the other day by Prof. Bashford Dean of Columbia university to the American Fisheries society in session here.

"In a little harbor south of Tokyo, Japan, there has been produced successfully by a secret process pearls that are of the finest type," said Professor Dean.

"When I was at the University of Japan, the emperor of Japan himself opened one of these oysters and took there from this new pearl I now exhibit, so there is no doubt about the genuina success of this experiment. But the secret has even been withheld from the emperor, otherwise the whole of the pearl industry would be revolu-

tionised.

"Dr. N. Nishikawa, a graduate of the University of Tokyo, discovered the process and left his secret to his father-in-law, Mikemoto, one off the most famous pearl raisers of Japan. I surmise that the pearl is formed by introducing scientifically a piece of souther of pearl into the shell, around which the pearl is formed, taking the piace of the worm which nature uses to form the core of the naturally grown pearl."

BARS SALE BIRDS' PLUMAGE

Algrettee Cannot Be Sold by New York Milliners After July 1 Next by Statute.

New York.—The plumage of fortythree specimens of birds formerly used to decorate women's hats cannot be sold by the milliners of New York state after July 1 next, according to the annual report of the National Association of Audubon Socie-

The most important feature of a law recently persed by the state legislature, the report continues, is the prohibition of the sale of aigrettes. New York is one of the three greatest centers for the sale of aigrettes, the others being Paris and London.

others being Paris and London.

The Egrette is taken from the mother bird when neeting, and costs her life and the life of the young birds. The Audubon societies have been fighting for the protection of

these birds for many years.

The passage of the so-called plumage bill will prevent the use of their plumage as well as that of most wild birds of the country and all the birds native of New York stats.

Congress in China in 1913.

Poking.—An imperial parliament, the first in the history of China, will be convened in 1913, according to an official edict inspect the other day.

TO CHOKE A BORE

Device Arranged to Protect New Yorker and Family.

J. Montgomery Gubbins Makes Contrivance to Absorb Silly Chatter of Neighbor and Throw It Back at Her.

New York.—"See this funnel?" said J. Montgomery Gubbins the other afternoon. He held up an ordinary tin funnel—the kind grocery men keep near the vinegar barrel.

"This funnel," continued J. Montgomery Gubbins, without waiting for a reply, "contains my own arrangement of violin strings and syphons and along this snout you see there is a little keyboard. It will find any person's 'note' and I call it 'the Gubbins silencer and word catcher.'

"I was forced by circumstances to invent this contrivance for the protection of my family and my own peace of mind. It happened this way:

"The wife of our next door neighbor on the left of our Omaha home is a bore. It was her habit before this," and he waved the funnel, "to call on us several times a week just at dinner time. She always came to borrow comething—a cupful of sugar, a pint of milk on an egg.

"'Oh, I mustn't keep you from your dinner!' she would exclaim with a sniff. After declining an invitation to dinner she would take a few steps toward the door, then stop and talk and talk and talk, and every few words she would remark that she just must go home.

"Courtesy forced my wife and me to stand and listen to her. On these occasions I could always hear the dinner

cool off.

"Things came to a desperate pass one night when we had a distinguished person from Clam Gulf dining with us. The neighbor was there and talked so long our dinner froze. Then there came a loud snap from the dining room. Willie, my youngest son, was surreptitiously breaking an icicle from the chicken's wing. And the distinguished person got mad because he wanted to do the talking himself.

"Bang! An idea suddenly kicked me into action. I rushed to the kitchen, snatched this funnel from the hands of the cook and ran to my workshop. Presently I emerged triumph-

"Walking nonchalantly toward that talking female with the funnel held carelessly in my hand, I planted myself directly in front of her and pressed one of these keys. The result was just as I had planned. The woman's jaw kept on moving, but she spoke soundless words, at least the only sound heard was the thud-thud of her words dropping like peobles into this funnel.

"I pressed another key. The woman stretched her jaws as wide open as she could, then her words began to roll from the funnel back into her mouth. When her mouth was full of words I pressed a third key. Then she ate her own words.

"I kept this up until she got a violent attack of indigestion and we had to send for the doctor. The medical man said—but here's my train."

CHILDREN CAN VISIT EUROPE

Columbia Professor Would Use Same Scheme As Colleges New Do With Their Students.

Boston.—"The present practise of sending exchange students to the European centers ought to be extended to children and young people of both sexes in all walks of life," declared Dr. Ernest Richard, professor at Columbia university, at a meeting of the Twentieth Century club the other

Professor Richard's plan would enable families with small means to place their children with families in other countries, thus enabling them to study the language of the country and become acquainted with its business, social and educational enterprises.

"The distinguishing feature of children's exchange," he declared, "is the reception free of expense of foreigners in the home life of the family. There are, of course, many families that would like to see their son or daughter enjoy the advantages of a prolonged stay abroad, but do not have the means to pay for it. In receiving the guest member of the family in exchange, the expenses for maintenance remain the same; only the transportation has to be provided.

"There is no reason why, after conquering the first difficulties, the enterprise proposed should not develop most useful activities."

Tramp Secures Pies.

Sharon, Pa.—"Fire! Fire!" shouted a tramp at the home of Rev. Thomas Barnes in Brookfield township just as the family sat down to chicken dinner. Everybody rushed out just in time to see the man disappear. Another man went in the back door, stole the chicken and two ples from the table and fied before the family discovered the trick.

Czar Flees Through Kitchen.

Berlin.—Accompanied by the grand iduke of Hesse, the csar motored to Frankfort-on-Main the other day, alighting at a hotel, the Englisches Hof. When he was ready to depart the csar left the kotal by the way of the kitchen in order to escape the crowds in front of the entrance.

PRINCE SINGS OUR PRAISES

Persian Nobleman Admires American Women for Their Frankness—
Mean What They Say.

New York.—Prince Freydoun Malcom, a long time ago from Persia and recently from half the nations of Europe, diplomat and traveler by profession, is not a cosmopolitan by choice or by conviction.

"I don't like it, you know. It's not the thing at all. It's really beastly rot, you know," he explained as he sat in the Turkish room at the Waldorf, his very English sounding odd from his unEnglish lips. "That's the only fault I've ever been able to find with your American women I've known abroad. They're bent on being cosmopolitan. They're the most charming women in the world when they are themselves, and they don't seem to know it. They keep on trying to be English women or French women, or some other sort-anything so it's not American—and they go to all sorts of trouble to do it, too; and all the time they were much more the thing, you know, when they were themselves. It's a jolly shame. Somebody ounght to tell them." said Prince

Malcom.

"The first thing a real American is is frank," he continued. "An American woman means exactly what she says, and you can tell by her face whether she likes you or not. That's joily nice, and restful to a diplomat, too. Why, in Europe, especially in the Latin countries, you might be on the most friendly terms with a woman for years and suddenly find out that she always has detested you. It's her natural impulse to hide her feelings and motives. She calls it being subtle. It's a beastly bore."

"NEWSIE" TEARS UP BIG ROLL

Declares He Grew Tired of Trying to Spend \$400 Picked Up in Pitte-

Pittsburg, Pa.—Ghilmena Bartisoma is the name of a twelve-year-old "newsie" who saw a big pocketbook lying in an automobile downtown the other day that contained a roll of over \$400. The "newsie," according to the police, appropriated the roll and started out to have a time. Half an hour later a report of the loss was received at police headquarters and Special Officers Brophy and McCreedy started on a search.

After a search of several moving picture shows they got trace of the youngster and finally arrested him at his home, 1222 Bedford avenue.
"Where is that roll?" asked Officer

Brophy.

"Spent some of it and tore up the rest," quietly remarked the "newsia."

The boy was taken to headquarters

The boy was taken to headquarters and searched. The roll was missing and he adhered to the original story that he had torn up the bank roll and scattered it to the winds.

"What did you tear that movey up for?" asked an officer, estimfed the boy was lying.

"Got tired of spending it. Honest I did. Never saw so much coin in me life before. Honest I didn't."

The officers searched the bow's

The officers searched the boy's home. No roll was found and no information throwing any light on its whereabouts could be secured from the family.

The police are reluctant to believe the boy destroyed the money, but have no alternative. They refuse to give the name of the person who left so much money lying around loose.

CHAMPAGNE OUTLOOK IS SAD

Grapee Half Devoured by Insects, a Half Withered by Mildow, Being

Paris.—A writer in the Tempa draws a melancholy picture of the grape harvesting in the Champagne districts.

"The sight presented by the Champagne vineyards, so animated and joyous in the times of abundant harvests, is one of desolating sadness this year," he says. "Instead of long lines of workers gathering the thick clusters, a few wine growers only can be seen weighed down by implacable

fate.

"And yet the grapes are being gathered, if these miserable berries half devoured by insects, balf withered by mildew can be called grapes. They are thrown into casks and borney to the furnace, where they are burned that the eggs of the insects, the germs of the parasites may be destroyed and not endanger the next season's crops.

"Champagne, at this time of the year, is always crowded with workers from Alsace and Belgium, who come for the grape gathering. This year the district is deserted. In the

villages the misery is appalling.

"For four years vine growers have had to fight to preserve their vines, and in those four years they have only gathered the value of one good harvest. Many are irretrievably ruined."

Manners Make "Dandles."

paris.—Andre de Fonquieres, who has the enviable reputation of being the best dressed man in Faris, has written a book which goes far toward telling us how it is done. According to this authority, the pariect dandy of today must have an elegant mind as well as an elegant waistooat. In other words, he must be an intelligent, spirited talker, courseous, taetful and chivalrous. For it is in his manner as much as in his dress that the real dandy is to be discovered.

BEARS IN A SCHOOL

Startling Adventure of School

Two Animals Get Into Building Through Dugout and Spring Look After Themselves—Attracted by Honey.

Cross Fork, Pa.—When Miss Lydis Musser, teacher of a country school in Enlaits township, opened the door of her schoolroom the other morning she was confronted by two pupils who were not enrolled in her book. Two black bears got into the building through a trap door in the floor, which led into a dugout underneath used for the storage of wood.

Of course Miss Musser, who was alone, didn't tarry to ask the new scholars their names, nor whether it was the first time they had been to school. She slammed the door shut against the spring lock and the bears were again made prisoners, for it was subsequently discovered that they had cut off their own egress by the route through which they had come by accidentally slipping the catch on the trapdoor after they were in the room and being unable to open it.

When Miss Musser opened the door the bears made a lunge toward her doubtless in an effert to reach the door and escape, but the young woman believed that they were about to attack her, so that in her haste to get the doos that she tripped on her skirt and fell from the porch, landing in such a manner as to turn her foot and sprain her ankle so that she was unable to rise, and sustaining an injury from which she is not apt to recover for several weeks.

She screamed at the top of her voice. The schoolhouse is fully a mile from the nearest farmhouse, though, fortunately, a teamster who was within earshot in passing heard her and went to her rescue. Several pupils on the way to school also heard her alarm. Miss Musser informed the man of what she had seen, but prevented him from unlocking the schoolhouse until she had been helped out of the reach of dan-

The arriving pupils peeked through the windows and saw the bears. The animals were pawing back and forth like caged ilons and showed every evidence of their fright at being prisoners in the schoolhouse under the gaze of the fast gathering throng and aroused by the noise made by the affrighted boys and girls.

The teamster sent some of the boys down the road to the nearest house for a rifle, but before the gun arrived the bears took it into their heads to do something on their own book. One of red at the window farthesi away from where the school crowd had collected, and with one great push of his paws sent the glass flying in a hundred pieces, following the crash with a plunge that brought his shaggy form all a tumble on to the ground. He had no sooner landed than the second bear followed suit, and in another second the animals were streaking it into the woods, while the boys and girls, of course, were making pell-mell in the other direction.

other direction.

The bear that did the glass breaking evidently cut its paw, for blood in pretty good quantities was to be found along the route takes by the animals. When the schoolroom was opened and en examination made it was discovered that the bears had played havod with the books and maps. They were evidently in search for food, and the books and other articles coming within the reach of their search had been

roughly handled.

This is the schoolhouse in which during the summer a colony of bees took up their abode between the wall and the weather boards, where they stored a quite generous supply of honey before being discovered and their sweetmeats confiscated. It is presumed that the bears were drawn to the place by the smell of this honey, or the bees may have made come of their comp in the little basement of the building, and that this is what first attracted the attention of the bears.

PIGEON DROPS ON STEAMER

Exhausted Bird Joine Fishermen on Board Fishing Best Angler—Tenderly Cared for.

New York.—The fishing boat Angles went out to the banks for fish and came back with a pigeon. She had a big crowd of amateur fishermen on board, and while steaming about for a good place to drop lines John Volts, a deckhand, saw a pigeon flopping about in the gale as if wounded.

The bird made a desperate effort to get to the Angler, and despite the fact that there was enough noise and hilarity aboard to seare a tame out, the bird gave no heed and dropped help-less on the deck. Voits picked up the pigeon and put it in a box in the cabin, giving it water and catmeal.

The bird had an aluminum band on its left leg, bearing the number "6." Capt. Al Foster of the Angler, said the owner can have the bird by proving his property.

Freedom to Wed Demanded.

Rome.—A movement is on foot among the telephone girls of Rome to have abolished the regulation which forbids them to marry before they reach the age of twenty-eight years. Italian women reach their prime before they are twenty, and consider their chances of marriage greatly less sened by this government regulation.

SURELY LIMIT IN RED TAPE

Incident in the Very Cradle of Prussian Officialdom That is Hard to Beat.

The following story of red tapes which is vouched for by the Berlin Tagliche Rundschau, is hard to beat even in the very cradle of Prussian of ficialdom. Not long ago the head mistress of a high school for girls notified the authorities that there was a rat on the premises and asked that a man might be sent to kill it. The request was duly noted, but as the official rai catcher was not immediately available the head mistress was advised to feed the beast in the meantime so that the rat catcher should not make a fruit less journey. This she did for some weeks, and as the rat killer did not put in an appearance she made a secend application. The original request, she was informed had been misiaid. but help would be sent in a few days. Weeks passed and one day the rat was found dead and was buried in the garden in the presence of the head mistress. A day or so later an official carrying a bundle of documents "in the matter of the rat" brought a message to the effect that the head mistress should take steps to destroy the rat at her own expense, as the official rat catcher could not come before the end of November. Upon being informed that the rat was dead and buried the official retired, but came back the next day asking for a written certificate to show that the rat was really dead. He got it, and the administrative machine is once more working smoothly.

AS TO OUR SENSE OF HUMOR

Life Would Be Dull Without It, But Its Manifestations Are Seyond Estimation.

A dignified, retired judge in the east was brought near to death lately through a fit of laughter caused by a comparison of a woman in a hobbic skirt to a giraffe with its feet tied together. The possessor of a keen sense of humor would hardly find this convulsing, but it nearly killed the judge. So, too, a man in Lawrenceburg, Ind., laughed for 12 hours over the idea of trading a mule for a shaved-tail horse.

A sense of humor is often a safey valve to human beings. Life would be a dull thing without it, but its manifestations are beyond estimation. A recent writer speaks of the frequency with which it spoils the most pathetic scenes at the theater; of how that which should incite pity is mistaken by the thoughtless for a subject of mirth. The criticism is deserved, but it is to be doubted if it will correct a misplaced sense of humor which seems to be inherent in a con-

siderable portion of the human race.

There is no accounting for taste, even in matters of this sort, and there is no way to prevent grave and reverend jurists or mule traders from becoming victims of an undeveloped or a too greatly developed sense of

Gelloning Kitche

Galloping Kitchen.

The British soldier is notoriously fond of his rations, and like every other soldier is a peor fighter when his meals do not appear with proper regu-

So that Tommy Atkins may not be kept a second date from his beef and ten the army has rigged up a novel "galloping kitchen," a cooker on wheels, which cooks as it goes and can rattle along on its gun carriage over the reughest roads a horse can take, the provender boiling away all the

time.

There is a boiler divided into four compartments and a firebox below, nothing more. The arrangement could not be simpler, and it saves the annoyance of setting up a whole cooking outfit at every stop when the army is on a rapid march, and also assures a meal to the detachment that is away from camp on a scouting or skirmishing expedition.

Very Prosy.

Prof. Brander Matthews of Columbia, in one of his brilliant addresses on the drama, said of an unimaginative and prosaic dramatist:

"He it was, I am sure, who in his youth, on being asked in examination what Shakespeare meant by the phrase, "Sermons in stones," wrote in reply:

"When passing by a tombetone your may learn the name and the dates of birth and death of the departed one, and also from the inscription a valuable moral lesson from his or her life. Walking along a road you may see from the milestones the number of miles to the nearest towns, and thus acquire geographical information. Heaps of stones by the roadside indicate that repairs are to take place, and so inculcate a lesson in neatness."

Not Tipping for Show.

First Waiter—That's his wife he's got with him.

Second Waiter—What makes you

think so?
First Walter—He picked up the quarter and left me the dime, and she was looking right at him all the time.—Detroit Free Press.

Regarding His Duties.

"Were you successful in the discharge of your duties on earth?" asked St. Peter.

The wealthy importer shook him head and switsd andly.

head and smiled sadiy.

"Not nearly so successful as I was in the evading of them," he confessed.

L'ABEILLE DE LA NOUVELLE-ORLÉANS